





TÁMOP-4.2.1.C-14/1/KONV-2015-0013

"Mérlegen az eddigi tapasztalatok és a jövőbeni lehetőségek"-Horizon 2020 szakmai konferencia 2015.09.17

# A HU-MOLMEDEX projekt bemutatkozása, nyertes pályázói tapasztalatok

Dr. Széll Márta SZTE ÁOK



# Widening Participation: Eligibility Criteria

**Definition:** "A composite indicator developed to measure the <u>research excellence</u> in Europe, meaning the effects of the European and national policies on the <u>modernisation</u> of research institutions, the <u>vitality</u> of the research environment and the quality of research outputs in both <u>basic and applied research."</u>

- •Threshold: MS below 70% of the EU average
- "low RDI performing" Member States for Widening actions: Latvia, Croatia, Lithuania, Malta, Slovakia, Romania, Luxembourg, Poland, Bulgaria, Estonia, Portugal, Slovenia, Cyprus, Czech Republic and Hungary

	Composite indicator of research excelence 2010
EU27 average	47,9
EU27 70% threshold	33,5
Member States below 70%	6 of the EU27 value
Latvia	11,5
Croatia	12,2
Lithuania	13,9
Malta	17,5
Slovakia	17,7
Romania	17,8
Luxembourg	19,8
Poland	20,5
Bulgaria	24,7
Estonia	25,9
Portugal	26,5
Slovenia	27,5
Cyprus	27,8
Czech Republic	29,9
Hungary	31,9
Member States above 709	6 of the EU27 value
Greece	35,3
Spain	36,6
Ireland	38,1
Italy	43,1
France	48,2
Austria	50,5
United Kingdom	56,1
Belgium	59,9
Germany	62,8
Finland	62,9
Sweden	77,2
Denmark	77,7
Netherlands	78,9

Source: DG Research and Innovation - Economic Analysis Unit Data: Eurostat, DG JRC - ISPRA

### The Composite Indicator of Research

### four variables:

- Highly cited publications of a country as a share of the top 10% most cited publications normalised by GDP
- Number of world class universities (in top 250) and public research institutes (in top 50) in a country normalised by population
- Patent applications per million population
- Total value of ERC grants received divided by public R&D performed by the higher education and government sectors

Sections navigation

Spreading Excellence and Widening Participation



Find Your area

### Spreading Excellence and Widening Participation

Article

Newsroom

Maximising investment in research and innovation will enable the European Research Area to function in a more streamlined and homogeneous way, allowing the individual strengths of each Member State to be optimised.

Despite serious efforts deployed at national and European level, the European Union sees significant internal disparities in terms of research and innovation performance as also identified in the Innovation Union Scoreboard. These trends are further exacerbated by the continuing severe financial crisis, and the subsequent adverse effects on public research and innovation budgets.

Also, there is significant evidence pointing to the fact that the pathway to economic growth and competitiveness is strongly connected to the scaling up of investment in research and innovation.

In order to address these challenges, Horizon 2020 introduces specific measures for spreading excellence and widening participation. These measures are targeted at low-performing Member States in terms of research and innovation, and they will be implemented by the Member States most in need of the new Cohesion policy for the 2014-2020 programming period.

- The Teaming action (associating advanced research institutions to other institutions, agencies or regions for the creation or upgrade of existing centres of excellence) is a new feature under Horizon 2020. It will provide new opportunities to the parties involved, with real prospects for growth through tapping into new collaboration and development patterns, including the establishment of new scientific networks, links with local clusters and opening up access to new markets. This will offer national and local research new possibilities for exploitation and value creation and boost the innovation potential of the countries involved.
- . Twinning will help strengthen a defined field of research in a knowledge institution through linking with at least two internationally-leading counterparts in Europe.
- The ERA Chairs scheme will provide support for universities and other research institutions to attract and maintain high quality human resources and implement the structural changes necessary to achieve excellence on a sustainable basis.
- . The Policy Support Facility will aim to improve the design, implementation and evaluation of national/regional research and innovation policies. It will offer expert advice to public authorities at national or regional level on a voluntary basis, covering the needs to access the relevant body of knowledge, benefit from the insight of international experts, use state of the art methodologies and tools, and receive tailor-made advice.
- Supporting access to international networks for excellent researchers and innovators who lack sufficient involvement in European and international networks. This will include support provided through COST.



Search

Q

Related Horizon 2020 calls

Related Horizon 2020 projects

#### @ICTscienceEU



Grace Toland @gracetoland

Stats on Ireland's participation/success in #H2020 first results report ... twitter.com/ictscienceeu/s...

Retweeted by Digital for Science

43m







Digital for Science @ICTscienceEU

Let's talk #einfrastructures and #cloud!

twitter.com/DigitalAgendaE...

1h







Why should European society & businesses focus on data? Debate & answers at #EDF2015 bit.ly/1QgQUat #BigData

Sections navigation

Spreading Excellence and Widening Participation



Find Your area

### Spreading Excellence and Widening Participation

Article

Newsroom

Maximising investment in research and innovation will enable the European Research Area to function in a more streamlined and homogeneous way, allowing the individual strengths of each Member State to be optimised.

Despite serious efforts deployed at national and European level, the European Union sees significant internal disparities in terms of research and innovation performance as also identified in the Innovation Union Scoreboard. These trends are further exacerbated by the continuing severe financial crisis, and the subsequent adverse effects on public research and innovation budgets.

Also, there is significant evidence pointing to the fact that the pathway to economic growth and competitiveness is strongly connected to the scaling up of investment in research and innovation.

In order to address these challenges, Horizon 2020 introduces specific measures for spreading excellence and widening participation. These measures are targeted at low-performing Member States in terms of research and innovation, and they will be implemented by the Member States most in need of the new Cohesion pelicy for the 2014-2020 programming period.

- The Teaming action (associating advanced research institutions to other institutions, agencies or regions for the creation or upgrade of existing centres of excellence) is a new feature under Horizon 2020. It will provide new opportunities to the parties involved, with real prospects for growth through tapping into new collaboration and development patterns, including the establishment of new scientific networks, links with local clusters and opening up access to new markets. This will offer national and local research new possibilities for exploitation and value creation and boost the innovation potential of the countries involved.
- Twinning will help strengthen a defined field of research in a knowledge institution through linking with at least two internationally-leading counterparts in Europe.
- . The ERA Chairs scheme will provide support for universities and other research institutions to attract and maintain high quality human resources and implement the structural changes necessary to achieve excellence on a sustainable basis.
- . The Policy Support Facility will aim to improve the design, implementation and evaluation of national/regional research and innovation policies. It will offer expert advice to public authorities at national or regional level on a voluntary basis, covering the needs to access the relevant body of knowledge, benefit from the insight of international experts, use state of the art methodologies and tools, and receive tailor-made advice.
- Supporting access to international networks for excellent researchers and innovators who lack sufficient involvement in European and international networks. This will include support provided through COST.



Search

Q

Related Horizon 2020 calls

Related Horizon 2020 projects

#### @ICTscienceEU



Grace Toland @gracetoland

Stats on Ireland's participation/success in #H2020 first results report ... twitter.com/ictscienceeu/s...

Retweeted by Digital for Science

43m







Digital for Science @ICTscienceEU

Let's talk #einfrastructures and #cloud! twitter.com/DigitalAgendaE...

1h





Digital Agenda @DigitalAgendaEU

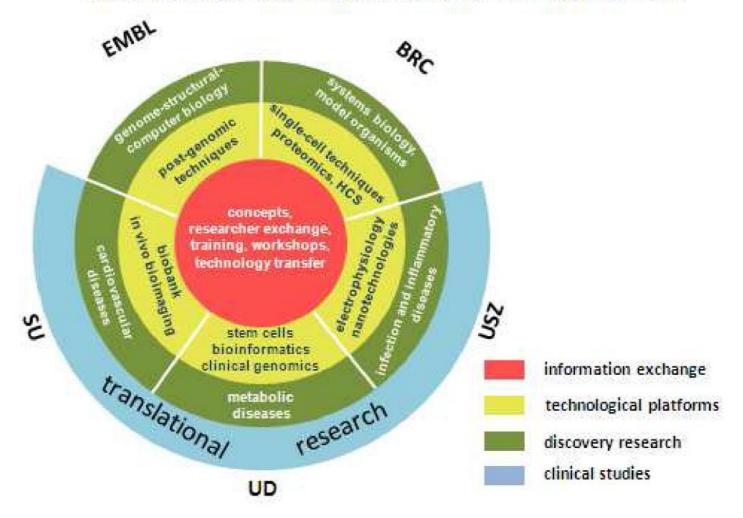
Why should European society & businesses focus on data? Debate & answers at #EDF2015 bit.ly/1QgQUat #BigData

Participant No*	Participant organisation name	Participant short name	Country
1	National Innovation Office (low performing country)	NIH	HU
2	Biological Research Centre of the Hungarian Academy of Sciences (low performing country)	BRC HAS	HU
3	University of Debrecen (low performing country)	UD	HU
4	University of Szeged (low performing country)	USZ	HU
5	Semmelweis University (low performing country)	SU	HU
6	European Molecular Biology Laboratory (high performing country)	EMBL	DE

### Supporting partner

Supporting partner	Country
Research Center for Molecular Medicine of the Austrian Academy of Sciences	ΛT
(Letter of Intent is uploaded as Appendix)	AI

### Specialization and complementarity among partners



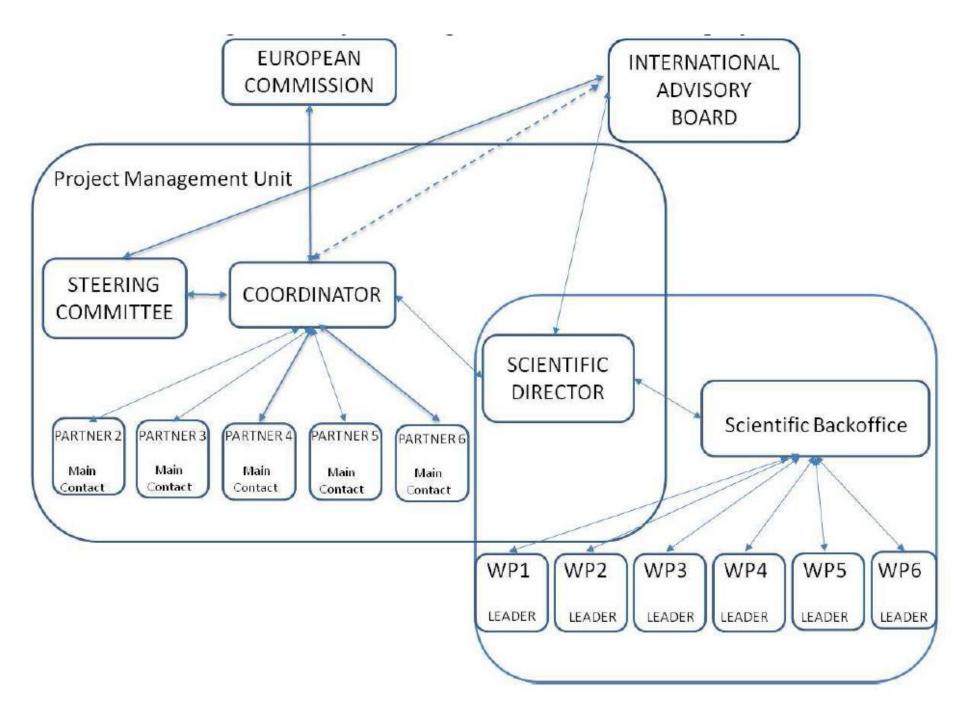
The unique research focus of the HCEMM will be translational research capitalizing on the state of the art advancement of molecular medicine.

The SWOT analysis underpins the long-term science and innovation strategy of the future Cluster.

Strengths	Weaknesses
S1: Engagement of leading Hungarian basic and applied	W1: Low proportion of medically relevant research
research bodies with strong focus on technology	projects
development in molecular and cellular biology	W2: Weak connections between basic research
S2: Intense international scientific collaboration	and clinically applicable results
	7 11
S3: National and regional leaders in several areas	W3: Limited resources for upgrading infrastructure
including some "omics" research	to perform frontline research, for staff mobility,
S4: BRC emerging as an internationally recognized	twinning
systems/synthetic biology research center	W4: Lack of expertise in some areas of
S5: Spin-off companies utilizing the results of the	bioinformatics/systems biology and some high-
academic sphere	throughput experimental techniques
S6: Szeged and Debrecen both have the geographical	W5: Higher than optimal diversity of research
potential to become poles of development in the region	projects, small research teams
S7: High reputation international teaching programs of	W6: Lack of international evaluation of research
medicine in English and German at the three universities	groups
for thousands of students from all over the World.	W7: Lack of adequate innovation management
S8: Excellent doctoral and postdoctoral programs	W8: Insufficient financial resources at national
S9: Recent governmental infrastructural investments in	level for postdoctoral fellows, training and
clinical facilities of the three universities	conferences
S10: Supporting local municipalities in utilization of	W9: Isolation from the international pool of
EU structural funds	human resources
	W10: Fragmented translational landscape
Opportunities	Threats
O1: Engagement of the NIH as coordinator could	T1: Lack of national level governance between the
provide a national governance basis for the HCEMM as	key research institutes in the field of the molecular
well as its establishment	medicine
O2: Focusing on medically relevant research, utilization	T2: Brain drain of talented, young researchers to
of partnership between leading research institutes and	more developed countries
universities of the country via mutual exploitation of	T3: Long term isolation from leading European
resources, biobanks and infrastructure	research teams and institutions
O3: Reaching a critical mass of intellectual and	T4: Increasing RTD costs can not be matched
infrastructural capacities in biomedical research leading	T5: Underdeveloped industrial background in the
to high impact results and visibility in ERA.	region
O4: Introduction of novel medical technologies through	T6: Underdeveloped infrastructure of the region
effective translational research	T7: Limited access to governmental co-financing
O5: Strengthening a regional leader position in molecular	T8: Introduction of rigid and centralized
medicine through strategic partnerships with leading	administrative procedures at the national level

European institutes and increasing bilateral mobility

- O6: Obtaining better positions in ranking systems and boosting European integration via training courses and conferences
- O7: Increased participation in international research projects, especially in H2020
- O8: Better utilization of the innovation potential in technology transfer to biotech companies and the pharma industry
- O9: Unique position for cross-border cooperation with institutions in neighbouring countries (Romania, Serbia, Slovakia.



### **HCEMM**

WHAT WILL BE FINANCED BY HCEMM? ~40 M EUR (EU+NKFI) 2016-2020

Research groups ~ 40 (salaries and cost of research)

Units of Translational Research ~ 15 (salaries, cost of research, translation)

Infrastructure development:

Space (laboratories and offices) for the new reseach groups at each institution Basic equipments and core facilities

Overheads to BRC and Universities

#### Administration

-----

Additional grants will have to be secured from the beginning from Hungarian and International funds, foundations, donations, ... ERC, momentum grants, others.. Co-funds by BRC and Universities

-----

Long term sustainability! Must be outlined in the Business plan

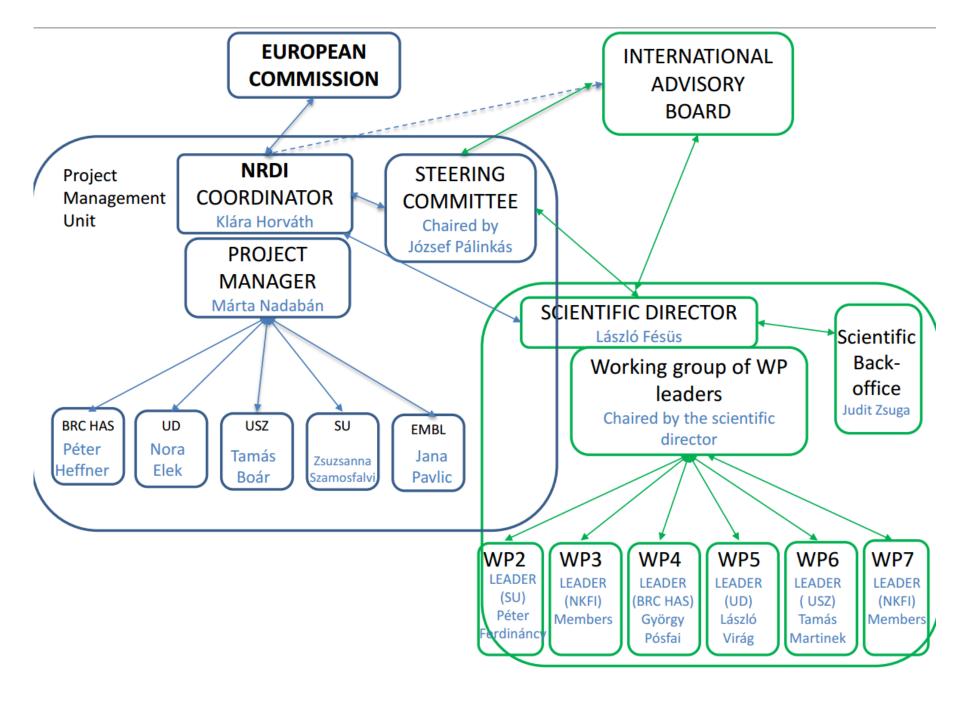


# KEEP CALM 'CAUSE WE WON

167 proposals



31 supported proposals (3 with Hungarian contribution)



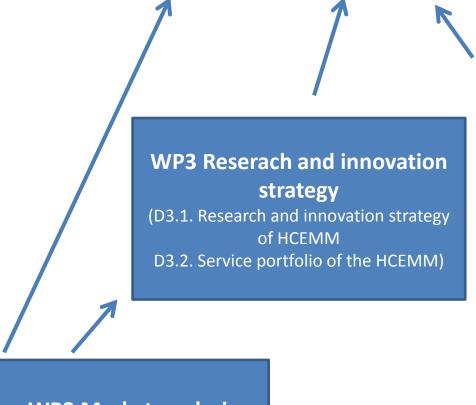
### Goals

To form a new Centre of Excellence for Molecular Medicine with the coordination of the National Research, Development and Innovation Office.

### The objectives of the one-year action:

- Detailed analysis of research and technology potentials of the founding institutions (WP2);
- Development of the long term research and innovation strategy (WP3);
- Formation of the Hungarian Centre of Excellence for Molecular Medicine as a legal entity, defining its scope, organization structure, optimal location, infrastructural needs and human resources (WP4, WP5);
- Defining the communication and business strategy as well as public relations partnerships (WP6)
- Assembling the initial joint Faculty of the Centre for Molecular Medicine (WP6);
- Producing the business plan for long term sustainability of the centre (WP7).

WP7 Sustainability (D7.1 Financial road map D7.2. Business plan)



### **WP4 Infrastructural requirements**

- (D7.1. Final list of technical specifications for HCEMM
- D4.2. Analysis on the research and human infrastructure of the partners
  D4.3. Evaluation of HR needs

### **WP5 Organisational development**

(D5.1. HR strategy of HCEMM D5.2 Organizational development plan of HCEMM)

## WP6 Communication, business and public relations

(D6.1. Communication strategy of HCEMM)

### WP2 Market analysis

(D2.1. Market analysis)

### **WP1 Management**

## **Budget allocation**

		Summary per p	eartner (funding)		
Partner name	Personnel costs	Travel	Other	Overhead	TOTAL
NKFIH	€ 54 600	€ 3 000	€ 27 000	€ 19 650	€ 104 250
BRC HAS	€ 52 800	€ 2400	€ -	€ 13 800	€ 69 000
UD	€ 57 600	€ 3 200	€ 15 000	€ 15 200	€ 91 000
SzU	€ 52 800	€ 2400	€ -	€ 13 800	€ 69 000
SU	€ 52 800	€ 2400	€ -	€ 13 800	€ 69 000
EMBL	€ 70 008	€ 5680	€ -	€ 18 922	€ 94 610
Total	€ 340 608	€ 19 080	€ 42 000	€ 95 172	€ 496 860

## Work packages

Work package No	Work Package Title	Lead Participant No	Lead Participant Short Name	Person- Months	Start Month	End month
WP0	Management	1	NKFIH	18	M1	M12
WP1	Market analysis	5	SU	11,5	M1	M4
WP2	Research and innovation strategy	1	NKFIH	23	M1	M7
WP3	Infrastructural requirements	2	BRC HAS	12,3	M1	M7
WP4	Organizational and HR development	3	UD	22	M3	M7
WP5	Communication, business and public relations	4	USZ	12	M1	M9
WP6	Sustainability	1	NKFIH	24	M1	M12
				123		

**Timing** 

NP and	Task	-	H-JJ	NE 20	6	Г	14	u-Ju	Y 2015		Т	M3-6	ugus	Tays	Т	M6-9	EPTE	MER I	95	M	5-001	0967	265	18	6-1401	VEMBE	R 2015		200	a Maria	K M	2016	akt -	150	FEBR	UARY.	20%	1	MU-V	MRCH	26	П	M	1-499	IL 20%		MH	-MAY	26	<b>_</b> '
WP leader		11/23	1930	1/25	1926	192	11/2	11/2	S 112	2	121 1	22 10	10 No	36 172	11/2	112	1/2	1/26	11/6	live	100	100	1000	1946	1116	110	196	114			1 112							16	WE.	WH I	1112	IH9	Time:	IFS.	IF6	W7 1	PS 1	19 1	22 1	21
	T1.1 Project and financial management 1907 IA				90	L	L	L	上	$\perp$		丄	┸	$\perp$	L	L	L	PMU		L	L	L	L	L	L	$\perp$	ř		L	PM	u	L	ac.					$\perp$			PMU		$\perp$	$\perp$	$\perp$		£		NU D	
1/PH Management	T12 Scientic management of the poject UD			119 116				l		1	e G			9	9	ı			HP HG				1119	150		199	M		l			IVP IVG	III				NP NG			NP NG		la P				NP NG	/1	1	HP HG	4 '
MATERIA	This Montaing, risk					Г	Т	Т	Т	Т	Т	Т	Т	Т	Т	Г	Г	Г	Г	Г	Г	Г	Г	71		1/	N	Т	Т	Т	Т	Г	Ш		П		П	Т	T	$\neg$	$\neg$	T	П	$\neg$	П	- /	$\top$	Т	Т	4
	popes assessment of the poles NRF III The Communication	Н		_		┡	╀	╀	+	١.		+	+	+	╀	╄	╄	╄	⊢	┡	╄	┡	╄	Ш	╀	//	1	╀	╀	╀	+	╄	Н	Н	Н	$\dashv$	$\dashv$	4	4	$\dashv$	+	-#	-	-	$\dashv$	-1	+	+	4	4
	NKFIH T11 Definition of	Н		_		⊢	╁	╁	+	۳	-	+	+	+	+	$\vdash$	⊢	$\vdash$	⊢	⊢	⊢	⊢	+	₩	Н	₩	H	+	╁	+	+	$\vdash$	Н		Н	$\dashv$	$\dashv$	+	+	$\dashv$	+	╫	$\dashv$	$\dashv$	$\dashv$	1	+	-	**	٦'
	poental uses and patries SU TII Maker research on	Н				┡	╀	╀	+	+	+	+	+	+	╀	╀	┡	╄	┡	┞	⊢	┡	⊢	#	1/	<u> </u>	1	╀	╀	╀	+	$\vdash$	#	⊢	Н	$\dashv$	$\dashv$	+	4	$\dashv$	+	#	$\dashv$	$\dashv$	$\dashv$	-/-	+	+	+	┦'
11P2Make aralysis	UD																						L.	N	1	11						Ш	И													П	$\perp$	$\perp$		
SU	T13 Sustness model analysis SU 114 Charjess of the mode						$\Box$	L	L	Ι	$\perp$	$\perp$	L	$\perp$										L	M	П		$\perp$	L	$\perp$	$\perp$	П						$\perp$	$\Box$	$\Box$	$\perp$	Ш			$\Box$	Ш	$\perp$	$\perp$	$\perp$	ַ ' ב
	120 prayes of the mode and made environment SU 124 house prayes					L	L	L	L		$\perp$	$\perp$	$\perp$	L	L	L	L	L	L	L			П	/	/	1	L		L	$\perp$	$\perp$	Ш						$\perp$		$\perp$	$\perp$	Ш		$\perp$			$\perp$	$\perp$	$\perp$	
	egot SU T3.1 Defining the	Ш		_	_	╙	╄	╄	+	4	4	+	+	+	╄	╄	┡	╙	┡	┡	┡	L	22	1	4_	1	╄	╀	╄	4	+	Н	₩.	╙	Щ	_	$\dashv$	4	4	4	4	-#	_	_	4	4	+	4	4	۱'
Consumer's part	mehability to create the entropy of the QQQ NKF1 TS1 Execution of the					L		L	$\perp$	1	_	_	$\perp$	┸		L	L	L					Ц	/			L	$\perp$		$\perp$	$\perp$	Ц			Ш	_	$\perp$	$\perp$	_	$\perp$	$\perp$	Щ	_	$\dashv$	1	$\perp$	$\perp$	$\perp$	$\perp$	_
Impostor	Research and Imporation strong of the Center of Excellence NACEH							l						14									où:	/		1			L			Ш	Dat Find									Ш			/					
440,000,000	TSS Defining the senice portals SRCHIS					Г	Τ	T	T	T	$\top$	T	T	П		Τ	Γ	Γ	Г	IŤ	Γ	Г	Г		Γ	1	OS:		Ħ	T	T	11	22.5		П	$\neg$	T	$\top$	寸	寸	寸	11	$\neg$	$\dashv$	/	$\top$	$\top$	T	T	1
	Titil Definition of the needed influenceus and egulpments SPCHES					Г	Г	Т	Т	Τ	T	Τ	Т	П		Γ	Γ	Γ	Г	П	Γ	Г	Г	Γ		Т	D£:		П	Т	Г	I					T	T	T	T	T	П	$\Box$		П	T	T	Т	Т	۱
Market September September	epigners SRCHLS Till Lindjals of the existing measts and forms information of					Г	Г	Т	Т	T	T	T	T	П		Г	Γ	Γ	Г	043			Г	Γ	Т	Т	П	Τ	П	Т	Г		Г	Г	П	$\Box$	T	T	T	T	T	11	$\Box$	T	T	T	T	T	T	יך
	Title Definition of HR needs regarding	П		_		Н	t	t	۲	t	+	t	t	Н		H	H	H	$\vdash$	П		$\vdash$	$\vdash$	H	t	+	Ħ		Ħ	04		۳	$\vdash$	$\vdash$	Н	$\dashv$	$\dashv$	$\dagger$	$\forall$	$\forall$	$\dagger$	#	$\dashv$	1	$\forall$	$\dagger$	+	十	$^{+}$	٦'
	Inforceuse and egulphents SPCHES TS1. Mexico and vision	Ш				L	L	╀	$\perp$	1	4	4	+	Ш		┡	┡	╄	L	Щ	┡	L	┡	L	╀	╄	Щ		П			┺	L		Щ	_	4	4	4	4	4	Щ	_	1	4	4	+	4	4	┨╵
	Institution of the	Н		_		┡	╄	╀	+	+	+	+	+	Н	-	╄	⊢	⊢	┡	¥	⊢	L	╄	┡	╄	+	1	+	Н	Н	-	╄	⊢	_	Н	$\dashv$	$\dashv$	4	4	$\dashv$	+	₩	-	Н	$\dashv$	4	+	+	+	┨╵
1/PS Organizations	neets UD TS3 Development of HR	Н		_	$\vdash$	⊢	╀	╫	╫	+	+	+	╫	Н	╫	╀	╀	╀	⊢	*	⊢	⊢	╀	⊢	╀	+	╀	+	Н	+	-	L	054		Н	$\dashv$	$\dashv$	+	$\dashv$	$\dashv$	+	₩	$\dashv$	Н	$\dashv$	+	+	+	+	$\dashv$
igapays.	neds UD TS3 Development d'HR strongs UD TS3 Defining the legal formant the location of					$\vdash$	$\vdash$	+	+	+	+	+	+	+		$\vdash$	+	+	١.		H	+		Т			$\vdash$	$\dashv$	$\dashv$	+	$\dashv$	$\dashv$	$\dashv$	╫	$\dashv$	Н	$\dashv$	+	十	+	十	+								
ue	the HCSIMM UD TSS Development of the				-	$\vdash$	$\vdash$	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	$\vdash$	+	+	+	+	H	+	+	$\vdash$	$\vdash$				$\dashv$	+	+				-	$\dashv$	$\dashv$	+	+	+	+	$\dashv$								
1/P6 Con-	ner operation UD TE-Uneral communication with the							+	۲	+	+	+	+	$\forall$		$\vdash$	Н		+		+	Ħ	+	۲	$\vdash$					$\dashv$	+	+	#	1		1	$\dashv$	$\dashv$	$\dashv$	十	十	+	<b>1</b>							
epojapiça, business and public	current competitive epophylogologic of the fractional USZ																																																	
wistors	TE3 Defining the Communication and Public Relation Strangy of the Center of Excellence						Γ	Γ		T	T		Γ																П								04.1	T	$\top$		7				$\top$	T	T	T	T	
	17.1. Eralysis d'acutes d'funding d'impostion les Tul	Н						t		t	1		$\dagger$	D7.1															Upda D7:	ne 1			Ots					1	1	$\parallel$					1	4	17.1			$\forall$
1/P7 Sussinability	17.1 Hamorization with the relevant antragles work to							T		T	1	T	T			Г					Г		Г	Г			Г											1	1			1/			1		1			
NEFH	17.3 Development of the business plan UD						T	T	T	t	+	T	T	T	T	T	Т	Г		$\vdash$	T		$\vdash$	$\vdash$	t	T	T	T	t	T	T	T	$\vdash$				*	$\dagger$	$\dashv$	*			$\dashv$	$\dashv$	$\dashv$	$\top$	*	+		A
				_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_		_	_	_	_	_	_				_	_	_				_		_				



# KEEP CALM 'CAUSE WE WON

167 proposals



31 supported proposals (3 with Hungarian contribution)



167 proposals



31 supported proposals (3 with Hungarian contribution)



9 supported proposals at the end of the 2nd round







### KÖSZÖNÖM A FIGYELMET!

